AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the general meeting of the shareholders of CG Drives & Automation Sweden AB Corporate identity number 556232-2643

Report on the annual accounts

Opinions

We have audited the annual accounts of CG Drives & Automation Sweden AB for the financial year 2023-04-01 -- 2024-03-31.

In our opinion, the annual accounts have been prepared in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act and present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of CG Drives & Automation Sweden AB as of 31 Mars 2024 and its financial performance and cash flow for the year then ended in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act. The statutory administration report is consistent with the other parts of the annual accounts.

We therefore recommend that the general meeting of shareholders adopts the income statement and balance sheet.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISA) and generally accepted auditing standards in Sweden. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities" section. We are independent of CG Drives & Automation Sweden AB in accordance with professional ethics for accountants in Sweden and have otherwise fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinions.

Responsibilities of the Board of Directors and the Managing Director

The Board of Directors and the Managing Director are responsible for the preparation of the annual accounts and that they give a fair presentation in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act. The board of Directors and the Managing Director are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of annual accounts that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the annual accounts, the Board of Directors and the Managing Director are responsible for the assessment of the company's ability to continue as a going concern. They disclose, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting. The going concern basis of accounting is however not applied if the Board of Directors and the Managing Director intends to liquidate the company, to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibility

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the annual accounts as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and generally accepted auditing standards in Sweden will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these annual accounts.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the annual accounts, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinions. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

· Obtain an understanding of the company's internal control relevant to our audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.

 Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Directors and the Managing Director.

· Conclude on the appropriateness of the Board of Directors' and the Managing Director's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual accounts. We also draw a conclusion, based on the audit evidence obtained, as to whether any material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the annual accounts or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion about the annual accounts. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause a company to cease to continue as a going concern.

 Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the annual accounts, including the disclosures, and whether the annual accounts represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We must inform the Board of Directors of, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit. We must also inform of significant audit findings during our audit, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identified.

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Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Opinions

In addition to our audit of the annual accounts, we have also audited the administration of the Board of Directors and the Managing Director of CG Drives & Automation Sweden AB for the financial year 2023-04-01 -- 2024-03-31 and the proposed appropriations of the company's profit or loss.

We recommend to the general meeting of shareholders that the profit be appropriated in accordance with the proposal in the statutory administration report and that the members of the Board of Directors and the Managing Director be discharged from liability for the financial year.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted the audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in Sweden. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities" section. We are independent of CG Drives & Automation Sweden AB in accordance with professional ethics for accountants in Sweden and have otherwise fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinions.

Responsibilities of the Board of Directors and the Managing Director

The Board of Directors is responsible for the proposal for appropriations of the company's profit or loss. At the proposal of a dividend, this includes an assessment of whether the dividend is justifiable considering the requirements which the company's type of operations, size and risks place on the size of the company's equity, consolidation requirements, liquidity and position in general.

The Board of Directors is responsible for the company's organization and the administration of the company's affairs. This includes among other things continuous assessment of the company's financial situation and ensuring that the company's organization is designed so that the accounting, management of assets and the company's financial affairs otherwise are controlled in a reassuring manner. The Managing Director shall manage the ongoing administration according to the Board of Directors' guidelines and instructions and among other matters take measures that are necessary to fulfill the company's accounting in accordance with law and handle the management of assets in a reassuring manner.

Auditor's responsibility

Our objective concerning the audit of the administration, and thereby our opinion about discharge from liability, is to obtain audit evidence to assess with a reasonable degree of assurance whether any member of the Board of Directors or the Managing Director in any material respect:

 has undertaken any action or been guilty of any omission which can give rise to liability to the company, or

 in any other way has acted in contravention of the Companies Act, the Annual Accounts Act or the Articles of Association.

Our objective concerning the audit of the proposed appropriations of the company's profit or loss, and thereby our opinion about this, is to assess with reasonable degree of assurance whether the proposal is in accordance with the Companies Act.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in Sweden will always detect actions or omissions that can give rise to liability to the company, or that the

proposed appropriations of the company's profit or loss are not in accordance with the Companies Act.

As part of an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in Sweden, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. The examination of the administration and the proposed appropriations of the company's profit or loss is based primarily on the audit of the accounts. Additional audit procedures performed are based on our professional judgment with starting point in risk and materiality. This means that we focus the examination on such actions, areas and relationships that are material for the operations and where deviations and violations would have particular importance for the company's situation. We examine and test decisions undertaken, support for decisions, actions taken and other circumstances that are relevant to our opinion concerning discharge from liability. As a basis for our opinion on the Board of Directors' proposed appropriations of the company's profit or loss we examined whether the proposal is in accordance with the Companies Act.

Helsingborg 21 April 2024

BDO Syd Kommanditbolag

Teddelesthe

Teddie Leidhem Authorized Public Accountant

Annual Report for the Financial Year 2023-04-01 - 2024-03-31

The Board of Directors and the managing director for CG Drives & Automation Sweden AB hereby submit the following annual financial statement.

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Seat of the Board of Directors: Helsingborg The company's currency: Swedish Kronor (SEK). Unless otherwise stated, all amounts are posted in thousands of Swedish Kronor (SEK '000).

Directors' Report

Information about the operations

CG Drives & Automation Sweden AB are the technology partner of energy efficient products and solutions. Devoted to green-tech innovation. We develops, manufactures and markets the equipment for control and protection of industrial processes. The group's main product area consists of frequency inverters, turbine power monitors, and softstarters and control systems. Together with key customers, the group creating sustainable, energy efficient solutions based on:

Our smarter dedicated products that reflect robustness ease of use and maximized connectivity.

Our faster, reliable, quality deliveries.

Our leaner approach to services in which we offer customization of products and proactive and integrated services. Manufacturing and assemblage is performed at the company's headquarters in Helsingborg. Product Innovation resources are also located in Helsingborg with extended arms at India.

Sale and marketing is performed by own operations in the company's home markets of Scandinavia, Germany, Benelux and Middle east as well as through distributers and partners at multiple markets outside of the home markets.

Expected future development

We will focus on our own development where we have strong experience and know-how.

1. Upgrade our in-house developed products from 5th and 6th generation IGBT to 7th gen, thereby increasing the power density or compactness of products.

2. Develop new Power Electronic Building Blocks for 2- level and 3-level enabling further increase of power density and improved compactness of high powers.

3. DNV-GL, BV and UL type approvals for all standard products.

4. More smartphone and PC applications, connectivity and cloud services.

5. New range of small power drives IP54 and IP20/21 to replace IP2Y and parts of IP2X and IP54 family.

Research and development

We develop state of the art LV technology above 37KW. Research and development is mainly focused on robustness and competitive energy efficient products which increase connectivity, allow IoT remote access and value added feature based on customer need renhance standard offering wit complete portfolio with drive systems in IP20/IP54 (0,75kW-4MW). We are spending almost 5,0% of total revenue on

Risk and factors of uncertainty

The largest financial risk is in connection to currency fluctuation, although these are largely eliminated due to the fact that most purchases as well as sales are made in EUR.

Uncertain market condition due to geopolitical stress and government policy in some of Middle East geography that can impact of our export sales.

Ownership

Tube Investment of India limited (TII) (L35100TN2008PLC069496) that is part of The Murugappa Group of company, one of India's leading business conglomerates. The Group has 28 businesses including nine listed Companies traded in National stock exchange and Bombay stock exchange in India. is the top holding company. Tube Investment of India owns 53.17% share in CG Power and Industrial Solutions Ltd (L999999MH1937PLC002641) listed on the Bombay stock exchange in India, is the largest parent company, which establishes a group consolidated annual report, in the group. CG Power and Industrial Solutions Ltd owns CG International B.V (34224124) in Netherlands, the smallest parent company in the group, which establishes an annual report. CG International B.V. owns the parent company CG Industrial Holdings Sweden AB (556852-4119). CG Industrial Holdings Sweden AB is the parent company of CG Drives & Automation Sweden AB. CG Industrial Holdings Sweden AB does not establish a group annual report, in accordance with Arsredovisningslagen chapter 7, § 2. The consolidated group annual report can be downloaded on the group web site: www.cgglobal.com.

Special event during the year

Restructure of Legal entity

Prior Prior to 2013-2014, the four companies in Drives & Automation Europe business were under same legal structure i.e. under CG Industrial Holdings Sweden AB.

In 2013-14, subsidiary in Germany and Netherlands, were transferred to CGIBV via Share Transfer agreement. It was done as a part of corporate restructuring exercise to improve global footprint and get more synergy.

During FY 2023-24 CG Drives and Automation Germany GmbH in Germany with Reg. No HRB 111227 and CG Drives and Automation Netherlands BV in Netherland with Reg. No 17033961, were transferred back via share transfer agreement at a consideration of Euro 3,6 million and Euro 4,19 million respectively under CG Drives and Automation Sweden AB. This restructure will help create value for Drives & Automation business in Europe as one product line and harmonize the legal structure in same line as we operate and control from management.

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Proposals for profit allocation The Board of Directors redommends the profit/loss and brought forward profits available for disposition:

| | 100 111 000 |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|
| Profit/loss carried forward | 196 441 368 |
| This year's profit/loss | -398 964 |
| This years pronotoss | 196 042 403 |
| to be distributed so that they are: | |
| carried over | 196 042 403 |
| Canted over | 196 042 403 |
| 3 | |

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Income Statement

| -2024-03-31 1 334 168 5 749 7 360 347 277 -185 719 2,3 -37 553 4 -73 323 | -2023-03-31 299 853 4 812 5 156 309 821 -178 082 -32 383 |
|---|--|
| 5 749 7 360 347 277 -185 719 2,3 -37 553 | 4 812 5 156 309 821 -178 082 |
| 7 360 347 277 -185 719 2,3 -37 553 | 5 156 309 821 -178 082 |
| -185 719 2,3 -37 553 | 309 821 -178 082 |
| -185 719 2,3 -37 553 | -178 082 |
| 2,3 -37 553 | |
| 2,3 -37 553 | |
| -,0 | -32 303 |
| 4 -73 323 | 00 444 |
| | -66 411 |
| | |
| | -15 442 |
| | -292 318 |
| 5 35 448 | 17 503 |
| | |
| | 1 747 |
| in a second s | 2 586 |
| | 4 333 |
| 36 305 | 21 835 |
| | |
| | C |
| -399 | 21 835 |
| 8 0 | -4 496 |
| -399 | 17 340 |
| | 4 -73 323 -15 235 -311 829 5 35 448 6 1 030 7 -174 857 36 305 -36 704 -399 8 0 |

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| Balance Sheet | Note | 2024-03-31 | 2023-03-31 |
|--|---------|-----------------|-----------------|
| ASSETS | | | |
| Non-current assets | | | |
| Intangible fixed assets | | | |
| Capitalized expenditure | 6 | 19 429 | 24 671 |
| for research and development and similar posts | 9 10 | 159 | 335 |
| Software | 10 | 10 573 | 11 593 |
| Work in progress for research and development | 11 | 30 161 | 36 599 |
| Tangible fixed assets | | 4 430 | 4 582 |
| Machinery and equipment | 12 | 4 430 | 4 582 |
| F igure 1 | | 4 450 | 4 002 |
| Financial assets | 13,14 | 90 792 | 0 |
| Shares in subsidiaries | 15 | 98 496 | 177 979 |
| Receivables from group companies | | 0 | 0 |
| Deferred tax assets | 16 | 189 288 | 177 979 |
| | | | |
| Total non-current assets | | 223 879 | 219 160 |
| Current assets | | | |
| Stock-in-trade etc. | | 00.055 | 00.000 |
| Raw material and consumables | | 36 355 | 29 002 7 072 |
| Work in progress | | 7 856 | 3 037 |
| Finished goods and goods for resale | | 3 267 | 3 037 |
| Advances to Suppliers | | 1 225 48 703 | 39 472 |
| | | 40 / 00 | 00 412 |
| Current receivables | | 51 418 | 37 035 |
| Accounts receivable | | 30 251 | 24 507 |
| Receivables from group companies | | 2 778 | 2 778 |
| Current tax assets | | 455 | 1 005 |
| Other receivables | 17 | 2 017 | 1 914 |
| Prepaid expenses and accrued income | | 86 920 | 67 239 |
| Orech and here's holomoon | 18 | 10 069 | 7 479 |
| Cash and bank balances Total current assets | | 145 691 | 114 190 |
| I Otal Current assets | | | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 369 570 | 333 349 |

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| Balance Sheet | Note | 2024-03-31 | 2023-03-31 |
|--------------------------------------|------|------------|------------|
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | | |
| EQUITY | 19 | | |
| Restricted reserves | | | |
| Share capital | | 25 632 | 25 632 |
| Reserv for development expenses | 20 | 21 062 | 24 164 |
| Statutory reserve | | 17 337 | 17 337 |
| | | 64 031 | 67 133 |
| Non-restricted equity | | 196 441 | 181 126 |
| Retained earnings or losses | | -399 | 17 340 |
| Profit/loss for the year | | 196 042 | 198 466 |
| Total equity | | 260 073 | 265 599 |
| | 21 | | |
| Provisions | 21 | 3 115 | 2 541 |
| Other provisions | | 3 115 | 2 541 |
| Non-current liabilities | | | 44.000 |
| Liabilities to group companies | 22 | 41 269 | 14 098 |
| | | 41 269 | 14 098 |
| Current liabilities | | | |
| Accounts payable | | 32 429 | 30 242 |
| Prepayments from customers | | 11 084 | 0 |
| Other liabilities | | 2 214 | 2 322 |
| | 23 | 19 385 | 18 547 |
| Accrued expenses and deferred income | | 65 112 | 51 112 |
| | | 369 570 | 333 349 |

TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES



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Report of changes in equity

| | Restricted reservs | | | Non-restricted | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|
| | Share | Reserv for deve- lopment expenses | Statutory reserve | Retained earnings or losses | Profit/loss for the year | Totalt |
| - Opening balance 2022-04-01 | 25 632 | 29 288 | 17 337 | 196 225 | 5 409 | 273 891 |
| Transfer of previous year's gain/loss | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 409 | -5 409 | 0 |
| Capitalized development expenses | 0 | 6 038 | 0 | -6 038 | 0 | 0 |
| Depreciation on this year's | | | | | | |
| development expenses | 0 | -11 162 | 0 | 11 162 | 0 | 0 |
| Dividend Paid | 0 | 0 | 0 | -25 632 | 0 | -25 632 |
| Profit/loss | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 340 | 17 340 |
| Closing balance 2023-03-31 | 25 632 | 24 164 | 17 337 | 181 126 | 17 340 | 265 599 |
| Transfer of previous year's gain/loss | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 340 | -17 340 | 0 |
| Capitalized development expenses | 0 | 8 194 | 0 | -8 194 | 0 | 0 |
| Depreciation on this year's | | | | | | |
| development expenses | 0 | -11 296 | 0 | 11 296 | 0 | 0 |
| Dividend Paid | 0 | 0 | 0 | -5 126 | | -5 126 |
| This year's Profit/loss | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -399 | -399 |
| Utgående balans 2024-03-31 | 25 632 | 21 062 | 17 337 | 196 441 | -399 | 260 073 |

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Cash flow statement

| Cash flow statement | | 2023-04-01 | 2022-04-01 |
|--|------|-------------|-------------|
| | Note | -2024-03-31 | -2023-03-31 |
| Cash flow from operations | | 35 448 | 17 503 |
| Operating result | | 35 440 | 17 505 |
| Adjustment for non-cash flow items | | 15 235 | 15 442 |
| Depreciation and write-down | | 15 235 | 10 442 |
| Currency differences | | 50 682 | 32 945 |
| | | 50 002 | 52 545 |
| Received interest | | 1 031 | 5 126 |
| Paid interest | | -174 | -794 |
| Paid income tax | | 0 | 0 |
| Cashflow from operations | | 51 539 | 37 277 |
| before change in working capital | | | |
| Cashflow from change in working capital | | | 4 400 |
| Change in inventories | | -9 231 | -1 428 |
| Change in receivables | | -19 681 | -22 793 |
| Change in liabilities | | 14 000 | 10 214 |
| Cash flow from operations | | 36 628 | 23 270 |
| Investments | | -1 449 | -1 630 |
| Investments in tangible assets | | -1 449 | -6 038 |
| Investments in intangible assets | | -9 644 | -7 667 |
| Cash flow from investments | | -9 044 | -1 001 |
| Finance | | -19 268 | -22 817 |
| Increase/reduction of financial assets/non-current liabilities, group companie | s | -19 200 | -22 017 |
| Dividend Paid | | -5 126 | -22 817 |
| Cash flow from finance | | -24 394 | -22 017 |
| Current year cash flow | | 2 590 | -7 214 |
| Liquid assets at the beginning of the financial year | | 7 479 | 14 693 |
| Liquid assets at the end of the financial year | 16 | 10 069 | 7 479 |

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Supplementary information

Accounting policies etc.

Accounting and valuation principles

Årsredovisningslagen (1995:1554) and BFNAR 2012:1 Årsredovisning och koncernredovisning (K3) have been implemented for the annual report.

Assessements and estimates

The following estimates made by the Board of Directors have had a substantial effect on the carrying amounts in the annual report: Assessements and estimates effect mainly reserach and development and the posting of deferred tax receivables. The capitalization of expenditures for reserach and development projects is made only when these are expected to generate future revenue. In accounting policies the process for handling reserach and development projects is described from an accounting perspective.

Group

Tube Investment of India limited (TII) (L35100TN2008PLC069496) that is part of The Murugappa Group of company, one of India's leading business conglomerates. The Group has 28 businesses including nine listed Companies traded in National stock exchange and Bombay stock exchange in India. is the top holding company. Tube Investment of India owns 53.17% share in CG Power and Industrial Solutions Ltd (L99999MH1937PLC002641) listed on the Bombay stock exchange in India, is the largest parent company, which establishes a group consolidated annual report, in the group. CG Power and Industrial Solutions Ltd owns CG International B.V (34224124) in Netherlands, the smallest parent company in the group, which establishes an annual report. CG International B.V. owns the parent company CG Industrial Holdings Sweden AB (556852-4119). CG Industrial Holdings Sweden AB is the parent company of CG Drives & Automation Sweden AB. CG Industrial Holdings Sweden AB does not establish a group annual report, in accordance with Arsredovisningslagen chapter 7, § 2. The consolidated group annual report can be downloaded on the group web site: www.cgglobal.com.

Revenue recognition

Sales of goods

The revenue is recognised at the fair value of what the company has received or will receive. In other words, the company reports revenues at nominal value (amount invoiced) if the company receives payment in the form of liquid funds upon delivery. Deductions are made for discounts.

Revenue recognition for the sales of goods is normally made when the substantial risks and benefits connected to ownership of the goods have been transferred from the company to the customers.

Lease agreements

The company as leasee

All lease agreements, financial as well as operational, have been recognised as operational leasing. The cost of operational leasing agreements is distributed linearly over the leasing period. See note 3.

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Compensation to employees

Compensation to employees consists of all types of compensation given to employees by the company. The compensations is made up of salaries, vaccation pay, paid absence, bonus and compensation at termination (pension), amongst others. These are recorded when they are acquired. Compensation to employees after termination consists of pension plans, which are either fee or benefit based. Pension plans for which fixed fees are paid and no obligations, legally or informal, are attached, are classified as benefit based plans. Other pension plans are classified as fee based plans. The company has no other non-current compensation recorded to employees.

The company has benefit based pension plans where a pension fee is paid. These plans are recorded as fee based pension plans in accordance with the simplification rule of BFNAR 2012:1.

Re-calculation of posts in foreign currency

Receivables and liabilities in foreign currency has been valued to the exchange rate of the balance sheet date. Exchange rate gains and losses for operating receivables and liabilities are posted as operating income, while exchange rate gains and losses for financial receivables and liabilities are posted as financial posts.

Taxes

Total taxes are made up of current tax and deferred tax. Taxes are posted in the income statment, except for when transactions that are posted to equity, where the then occoring tax effect is also posted to equity.

Current tax

Current tax consists of income tax for the current year and previous years' income tax, if these have not been regulated. Current tax is calculated from the current tax rate per the balance sheet day.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is an income tax for future years as a result of previous events. This is posted in accordance with the balance sheet method. According to this, deferred tax liability and deferred tax receivables for temporary differences is posted. Temporary differences arise when there is a difference between book value and taxation value for receivables or liabilities or for credits or fiscal losses. Deferred tax receivables and deferred tax liabilities are posted as a net only if they can be regulated through a net payment. Deferred tax liability is calculated according to the current tax rate at the balance sheet date. The effect of changes in current tax rate will effect the income statment in the period during which the tax rate has legally been changed. Deferred tax receivables are reduced by the part which is unlikely to be realized in the conceivable future. Deferred tax receivables are posted as a financial fixed asset and deferred tax liabilities as a provision.

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Fixed assets

Intangible and tangible fixed assets are posted at the acquisition value less accumulated depreciation and any write-downs.

Tangible fixed assets have been divided up in substantial components when the expected useful life of the components is viewed as being materially different.

Depreciable amount is the net of aqusition value and calculated residual value, should this be substantial. Depreciation is posted linearly over the expected useful life period.

The following depreciation is applied:

| Intangible fixed assets Capitalized expenditure for research and development and similiar posts Software | 2,6-10 years 5 years |
|---|-------------------------|
| Tangible fixed assets Machinery and equipment | 3-5 years |

Capitalized expenditure for reasearch and development and similar posts

The company capitalizes all expenditures which according to the criteria set of BFNAR 2012:1 can be capitalized as intangible assets. These are depreciated over the expected useful life period.

Inventories

The inventories are valued at the lower of acquisition cost and net realisable value on the balance sheet date. In order to determine the acquisation cost, a weighted average calculation is used. The net realisable value refers to the calculated sales price of the products less selling costs. Deduction for inventory obsolescence has been made after individual assessment.

Receivables, liabilities and provisions

When nothing else has been specified above, current receivables are valued to the lowest of acqusition value and the amount by which they are expected to be regulated. Non-current receivables and non-current liabilities are valued to accrued acqusition value. Other liabilities and provision are valued to the amount by which they are expected to be regulated. Other receivables are posted at acqusition value, provided nothing else is specified.

Notes

Note 1 Distribution of net sales

The net sales are distributed over the following geografical markets:

| | 2023/24 | 2022/23 |
|-------------------|---------|---------|
| Germany | 83 228 | 91 663 |
| Benelux | 53 283 | 44 028 |
| Nordic | 48 773 | 45 738 |
| China | 10 302 | 14 110 |
| Russia | 0 | 0 |
| Chile | 18 744 | 26 384 |
| Rest of the world | 120 844 | 77 929 |
| Sum | 335 174 | 299 853 |

Note 2 Auditor fee

| Note 2 Auditor lee | 2023/24 | 2022/23 |
|----------------------|---------|---------|
| Tax consultation | 271 | 0 |
| Financial year audit | 305 | 303 |
| Sum | 575 | 303 |

Note 3 Leasing agreement - leasee

| Expensed leasing fees regarding operational leasing agreements | 2023/24 4 606 | 2022/23 4 244 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Future minimum leasing fees regarding non-terminable operational lease agreements To be paid within 1 year | 4 476 | 4 245 |
| To be paid within 2-5 years | 12 751 | 4 257 |
| To be paid after 5 years | 0 | 0 |
| Sum | 17 227 | 8 502 |

The company has entered into the following agreements which are posted as operational lease agreements:

The substantial lease agreements that the company has entered are related to lease for premises for office and production. The length of the lease is three years. The rent is determined yearly through index regulation related to the consumer price index.

12 (20)

Note 4 Employees and personnel costs

| Average number of employees | 2023/24 22 | 2022/23 |
|--|----------------------|------------|
| Women | 53 | 49 |
| Men | 53 | 74 |
| Sum | 15 | |
| | 2023/24 | 2022/23 |
| Salaries and other contributions | | |
| Board of Directors and CEO | 3 996 | 3 169 |
| Other employees | 46 358 | 40 819 |
| Sum | 50 354 | 43 989 |
| Bonus payment to the Board of Directors and CEO | 960 | 339 |
| Pensions and other similar costs | | |
| Pension costs for the Board of Directors and CEO | 965 | 922 |
| Pension costs for other employees | 6 792 | 5 607 |
| Other costs, regulated by law or agreement | 13 439 | 12 216 |
| Sum | 21 197 | 18 745 |
| | 2024-03-31 | 2023-03-31 |
| Outstanding pension liabilities to the Board of Directors and CEO | - | |
| to the Board of Directors and CEO | | |
| Gender distribution among the directors | | |
| Women on the board | 0% | 0% |
| Men on the board | 100% | 100% |
| Women among the directors | 40% | 40% |
| | 60% | 60% |
| Men among the directors | | |
| Note 5 Transactions among group entities | | |
| | 2023/24 | 2022/23 |
| Percentage of total purchases for the year | 8% | 8% |
| made from other group entities | | |
| Percentage of total sales for the year | 41% | 44% |
| made to other group entities | | |
| 4 | | |
| | | |
| | | |

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| Note 6 Other interest income and similar profi/loss items | 2023/24 887 | 2022/23 1 431 316 |
|---|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| Other interest income Sum | 143 1 030 | 1 747 |

Note 7 Interest expense and similar profit/loss items

| Note 7 Interest expense and similar profit/loss items | 2023/24 | 2022/23 |
|---|---------|---------|
| | -1 466 | -235 |
| Interest expense from group entities | -59 | -441 |
| Other interest expense | 1 469 | 3 379 |
| Exchange rate differences | -118 | -118 |
| Other financial expenses | -174 | 2 586 |
| Sum | | |

Note 8 Tax on profit for the financial year

| | 2023/24 | 2022/23 |
|-------------------------------------|---------|---------|
| | 0 | 3 526 |
| Change in deferred tax | 0 | 970 |
| This year's tax expense | 0 | 4 496 |
| Sum posted tax | | |
| | 0,0% | 20,6% |
| Average effective tax rate | | |
| Reconciliation of effetive tax rate | | |
| | -399 | 21 835 |
| Net result before tax | | |
| Tax on net result, | -82 | 4 498 |
| current tax rate (20,6 %): | | |
| Tax effect from: | 82 | 69 |
| Other non-deductible expenses | 0 | -71 |
| Other fiscal adjustment | 0 | 0 |
| Non taxable income | ō | -3 526 |
| Changes deficit deduction | 0 | 970 |
| Sum posted tax | Ŭ | |
| | 0,0% | 4,4% |
| Effective tax rate | | |

Information about deferred tax receivables and tax liabilities For change in deferred tax liability, see note 14

4

Note 9 Capitalized expenditure for research and development and similar posts

| | 2024-03-31 | 2023-03-31 |
|---|------------|------------|
| a | 212 970 | 206 546 |
| Acquisition value, opening balance | 67 | 545 |
| Sales/Scrapping Reclassifications | 8 127 | 5 880 |
| Accumulated acqusition value, | 221 165 | 212 970 |
| closing balance | | |
| closing balance | | |
| Depreciations, opening value | -188 300 | -175 007 |
| Depreciation for the year | -13 436 | -13 292 |
| Accumulated depreciation, | -201 735 | -188 300 |
| closing balance | | |
| • | 19 429 | 24 671 |
| Book value, closing balance | 13 423 | 24011 |
| Note 10 Software | | |
| | 2024-03-31 | 2023-03-31 |
| | 11 439 | 11 439 |
| Acquisition value, opening balance | 0 | 0 |
| Purchase | 11 439 | 11 439 |
| Accumulated acqusition value, | | |
| closing balance | | |
| Depreciations, opening value | -11 104 | -10 838 |
| Depreciations, opening value Depreciation for the year | -177 | -265 |
| Accumulated depreciation, | -11 280 | -11 104 |
| closing balance | | |
| Book value, closing balance | 159 | 335 |
| | | |
| Note 11 Work in progress for research and development | | |
| | 2024-03-31 | 2023-03-31 |
| a second a balance | 11 593 | 11 980 |
| Acquisition value, opening balance | 7 107 | 5 493 |
| Purchase | -8 127 | -5 880 |
| Reclassifications | 10 573 | 11 593 |
| Accumulated acquisition value, | | |

Book value, closing balance

14

closing balance

R

11 593

10 573

| Note 12 Machinery and equipment | | |
|---|------------|------------|
| Note 12 machinesy and sign a | 2024-03-31 | 2023-03-31 |
| | 35 858 | 34 228 |
| Acquisition value, opening balance | 1 449 | 1 630 |
| | 37 307 | 35 858 |
| Purchase Accumulated acqusition value, | 51 661 | |
| | | |
| closing balance | -31 276 | -29 469 |
| | -1 602 | -1 807 |
| Depreciations, opening value | -32 877 | -31 276 |
| Depreciation for the year | -32 011 | 0.12.0 |
| Accumulated depreciation, | | |
| closing balance | 4 430 | 4 582 |
| | 4 4 3 0 | 4 301 |
| Book value, closing balance | | |
| Note 13 Shares in subsidiaries | | |
| | 2024-03-31 | 2023-03-31 |
| | 90 792 | 0 |
| Acquisition value, opening balance | 90 792 | 0 |
| Accumulated acqusition value | | |
| closing balance | | |

Note 14 Specifikation av andelar i koncernföretag

| Note 14 Specifikation av andeldi Historian Co | Share of | Share of | Number of | |
|---|----------------|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Namn CG Drives & Automation Germany GmbH | equity 100% | voting power 100% | shares 1 594 000 | Book value 41 997 48 794 |
| CG Drives & Automation Netherlands B.V. | 100% | 100% | 004 000 | 90 792 |

| | Reg. No. | Seat of the Board of | Total equity | Profit/loss for the year |
|---|------------|--------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| CG Drives & Automation Germany GmbH | HRB 111447 | Wernigerode, Tyskland | 37 636 | 4 465 |
| CG Drives & Automation Netherlands B.V. | 17033961 | Bladel, Nederländerna | 46 830 | 4 765 |

Note 15 Receivables from group companies

| Acquisition value, opening balance | 2024-03-31 177 979 0 -79 483 | 2023-03-31 200 112 0 -22 133 |
|---|--|--|
| Added receivables Amortisation Accumulated acqusition value, closing balance | 98 496 | 177 979 |

177 979

98 496

Book value, closing balance

Note 16 Deferred tax receivables

| | 2024-03-31 | 2023-03-31 |
|--------------------------|------------|------------|
| | 0 | 3 526 |
| Opening balance | 0 | -3 526 |
| Reversed tax receivables | 0 | 0 |
| Sum | | 2 |
| 2 | | 16 (20) |

See also note 8 Tax on profit for the financial year

25

L 17 (20)

Note 17 Prepaid expenses and accrued income

| Note 17 Prepaid expenses and decrace means | 2024-03-31 344 1 673 | 2023-03-31 324 1 590 |
|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Prepaid rent expenses Other prepaid expenses | 2 017 | 1 914 |
| Sum | | |

Note 18 Cash and bank

| Note 18 Cash and bank | 2024-03-31 6 | 2023-03-31 0 |
|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Petty cash | 10 062 | 7 479 |
| Bank balance | 10 069 | 7 479 |
| | | |

Sum

| Note 19 Numer of shares and ratio value | Number of shares | Ratio value |
|---|------------------|----------------|
| | 19 454 590 | 1 |
| Number of A-shares | 6 177 395 | 1 |
| Number of B-shares | 25 631 985 | |

Sum

| Note 20 Reserv for development expenses | 2024-03-31 24 164 | 2023-03-31 29 288 |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Opening balance | 8 194 | 6 038 -11 162 |
| Allocation to reserve | -11 296 21 062 | 24 164 |
| Transfer Sum | 21 002 | |
| | 2024-03-31 | 2023-03-31 |

| Note 21 Provisions | 2024-03-31 | 2023-00-01 |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|------------|
| Other provisions Opening balance | 2 541 574 | 2 541 0 |
| Provisions for the year | 3 115 | 2 541 |
| Sum | | |
| Specification other provisions | 2 541 | 2 541 |
| Warranty | 2 541 | 2 541 |

Specification other provisions 2 541 Warranty Sum

Note 22 Non-current liabilities

26

| Note 22 Non-current national | 2024-03-31 | 2023-03-31 |
|-------------------------------|------------|------------|
| To be paid after 5 years | | |
| | 41 269 | 14 098 |
| Liabilities to group entities | 41 269 | 14 098 |
| Sum | | |

Ľ 18 (20)

| Note 23 Accrued expenses and deferred income Accrued vacation salaries Accrued social security contribution Accrued salaries Other accrued expenses Sum | 2024-03-31 4 768 3 421 1 836 9 361 | 2023-03-31 4 462 3 382 2 239 8 465 |
|--|---|---|
| | 19 385 | 18 547 |

| Note 24 Collateral pledged | 2024-03-31 | 2023-03-31 |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| Collateral pledged | 30 000 70 | 30 000 70 |
| Chattels mortgage Guarantee to Tullverket (Swedish Import services) Sum Collateral pledged | 30 070 | 30 070 |

Note25 Proposals for profit allocation

| Profit/loss carried forward This year's profit/loss | 196 441 -399 196 042 | 181 126 17 340 198 466 |
|--|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| to be distributed so that they are: | 196 042 | 198 466 |
| carried over | 196 042 | 198 466 |

Note 26 Definition key ratios Operating margin Operating result in percent of net turnover

Adjusted equity Equity deducted by deferred tax on untaxed reserves

Return on equity Gain/loss after financial items in percent of average adjusted equity

Equity/asset ration Adjusted equity in percent of total balance

A 19 (20)

2023-03-31

2024-03-31

19/4-2024 Heisingborg N

Ramesh Kumar Narasinghbhan Chairman

Kapil Agrawal Board member

Claes Bjäreholt CEO

Susheel Todi Board member

Our audit opinion has been given 21/9 - 2029

BDO Syd KB

Teddeleche

Teddie Leidhem Authorized public accountant

